



4. Perform the exchanges to write the following situation as a number in base five: one block, four flats, five longs, and seven units. Draw a picture of what you are doing.

5. Write the first 25 base five numbers.

6. Convert  $2401_{\text{five}}$  to base ten.

7. Convert the following base ten numbers to base five.

(a)  $355_{\text{ten}}$

(b)  $382_{\text{ten}}$

8. Fill in the following blanks with  $\in$ ,  $\notin$ ,  $\subseteq$ , or  $\not\subseteq$ . If the blank is filled with  $\subseteq$ , also tell whether you could also put  $\subset$  or  $=$ .

(a)  $0 \text{ \_\_\_ } \mathbb{N}$

(e)  $\emptyset \text{ \_\_\_ } \{0\}$

(b)  $4 \text{ \_\_\_ } \{0, 1, 2, 3\}$

(f)  $\pi \text{ \_\_\_ } \mathbb{R}$

(c)  $\{1, 2, 3\} \text{ \_\_\_ } \emptyset$

(g)  $\{x \mid x \text{ is a perfect square}\} \text{ \_\_\_ } \{x^2 \mid x \in \mathbb{Z}\}$

(d)  $\mathbb{N} \text{ \_\_\_ } \mathbb{Z}$

(h)  $-6 \text{ \_\_\_ } \{3x \mid x \in \mathbb{N}\}$

9. Given  $U = \{1, 2, 3, \dots, 10\}$ ,  $A = \{1, 3, 5, 7, 9\}$ , and  $B = \{2, 4, 5, 6, 7, 10\}$ , find the following.

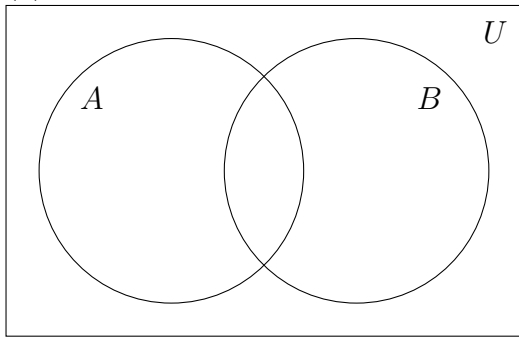
(a)  $A \cap \overline{B}$

(b)  $A - B$

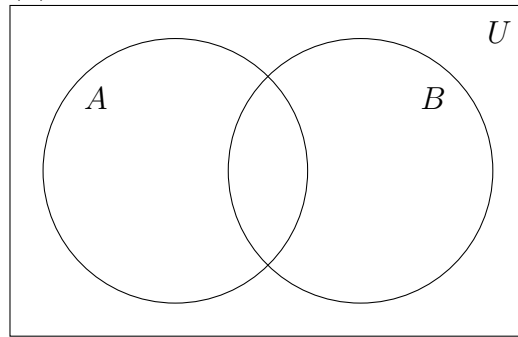
(c)  $\overline{A \cup B}$

10. Represent the following on a Venn Diagram.

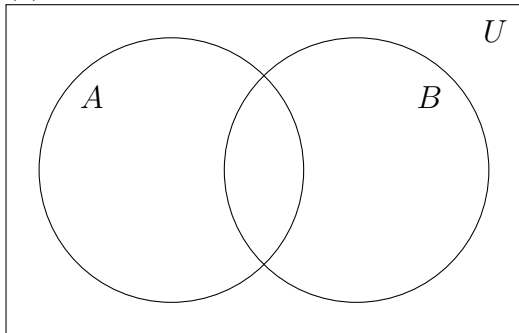
(a)  $\bar{A} \cap B$



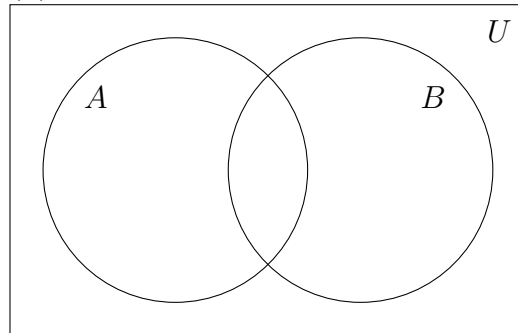
(b)  $\overline{A \cup B}$



(c)  $B - A$



(d)  $A \cup \bar{B}$



11. Two of the sets above are equal. Based on the Venn diagrams, which are the same? Explain.

12. Jimmy is learning the 4 step problem solving process and claims that the 4th step about looking back is pointless. He says that he already got the answer, so he shouldn't have to keep thinking about the problem. Considering the various parts of the look back step, how would you convince this student that he needs to look back every time?